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Using *Jump Start New York* **6**



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Personal Pronouns

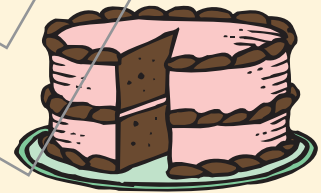


A **pronoun** is a word that takes the place of a noun. Pronouns can replace subjects or objects.

Madison drew a picture. **She** taped **it** to the wall.

Choose the correct pronoun or pronouns to complete each sentence.

- I** like cake. Please give **I** a piece.
Me **me**
- Kayla can swim well. **She** can dive, too.
Her
- Max shared an apple with Gina. **He** gave **she** half.
Him **her**
- The Smiths are good neighbors. Everyone likes **they**.
them
- A bee visits some flowers. **It** makes honey from **it**.
They **them**
- Liz and **I** are in the play. **We** are going to be trees!
me **Us**
- Where is Tyler? The teacher wants to talk to **he**.
him
- My family has four pets. **They** make **we** happy.
Them **us**





Read the story. Then answer the questions.

The Rainbow

by Lucy Carter

- 1 A rainbow is a bright band of colors in the sky. It can often be seen after a rain. What makes these colors stretch across the sky?
- 2 Sunlight already has in it all the colors of the rainbow. The colors are mixed together, though. This makes them look white. But sunlight changes when it shines through drops of water. The colors in it separate from one another.
- 3 After a rain, there are still drops of water in the air. As a ray of sunlight enters a drop of water, the ray bends. That's what makes its colors separate. Then the ray leaves the drop of water. It is bent again. The plain white light has been broken into many colors. That is when we can see a rainbow.
- 4 When you look for a rainbow, make sure the sun is behind you. You don't have to wait for a rainy day, either. You can see a tiny rainbow in a soap bubble. The fine spray of water from a garden hose can bring up a beautiful band of colors, too.



1. Sunlight looks white because _____.
 - A it shines so brightly
 - B all the colors of the rainbow are mixed
 - C it has little bits of dust in it
 - D the sun's rays are bent
2. Which of these may cause a rainbow?
 - A sunlight and raindrops
 - B sunlight and dust
 - C sunlight and a hose
 - D sunlight and paper
3. You can see a rainbow after rain because _____.
 - A the air is warm
 - B the air is cold
 - C the air still has drops of water
 - D the sunlight is brighter than
4. What happens when white sunlight passes through a drop of water?
 - A It gets brighter.
 - B It gets dimmer.
 - C It splits into colors.
 - D It heats up the water.
5. What causes a ray of sunlight to bend? Answer the question on a separate piece of paper.

Subtracting Three-Digit Numbers



Subtract numbers from right to left. Regroup if you need to.

Regroup the tens.

Subtract the ones.

H	T	O
	5	10
5	6	0
- 3	5	4
		6

Subtract the tens.

H	T	O
	5	10
5	6	0
- 3	5	4
	0	6

Subtract the hundreds.

H	T	O
	5	10
5	6	0
- 3	5	4
2	0	6

Subtract. Regroup if you need to.

1.

H	T	O
7	3	5
- 4	1	2

2.

H	T	O
9	4	7
- 8	2	3

3.

H	T	O
6	7	0
- 4	2	1

4.

$$\begin{array}{r} 789 \\ - 624 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5.

$$\begin{array}{r} 168 \\ - 31 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6.

$$\begin{array}{r} 912 \\ - 505 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

7.

$$\begin{array}{r} 408 \\ - 222 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.

$$\begin{array}{r} 959 \\ - 397 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.

$$\begin{array}{r} 285 \\ - 245 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10. $389 - 152 =$ _____

11. $636 - 271 =$ _____

12. $254 - 60 =$ _____

13. $844 - 738 =$ _____

7. Match each time to the words that name it.

Quarter after 5

12:30

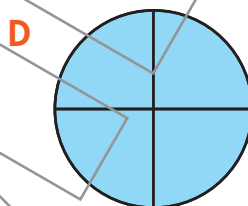
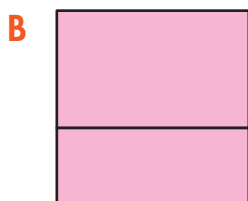
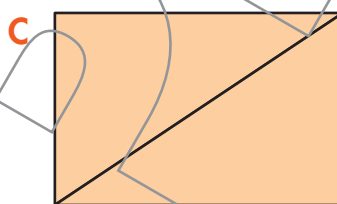
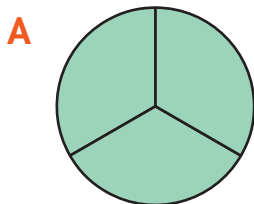
Half past 12

8:45

Quarter to 9

5:15

8. Which figure shows halves?



9. A swimming pool is 12 feet deep. Flynn dives down 8 feet.
How many feet is Flynn from the bottom of the pool?

_____ feet