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#### **MY LEARNING GOALS**

#### I can

- finding a cause and its effect.
- o tell what I know about casti.

## Desert Cacti

Some deserts are cold places. Others are very hot. A desert does not get much rain. There is very/little water for plants. But many plants grow there. A cactus is one kind of desert plant. More than one cactus are called cacti. Cacti have parts that help them live in the desert. These parts make them different from other plants.



# Cause and Effect A cause is why something happens. The effect is what happens. **Effect** Cause I missed the bus this morning. I was late for school. Sometimes a cause can have more than one effect. Fill in the effects. Cause Snow fell last night, **Effect Effect**

Key words let you know there is a cause and an effect. The word if tells about a cause. The word then tells about an effect.





## **MY LEARNING GOALS**

#### I can

- o read a story.
- understand causes and effects.

# **Amazing Cacti**

There is very little water in a desert. A cactus stores water to stay alive. It uses this water when it needs it. Some cacti's leaves can hold water. Other cacti have thick trunks. The trunk is the main part of the plant. It is smooth on the outside. This keeps water inside the plant.

Many cacti have one long root. This root finds water that is deep under the ground. Cacti also have many short roots. They are on the ground. They catch water quickly when it rains.

Many cacti have leaves called spines. Spines

are very sharp!
They keep the
cactus cool in the
bright sun. They
stop animals from
eating the plant.



thick trunk

spines

Highlight what the short roots do.



Where do the cacti store water?

Cacti store water \_\_\_\_\_.



## Many Shapes and Sizes

Cacti have many shapes and sizes. A beehive cactus is small. It grows only about six inches tall. Beehive cacti grow in groups. A group of beehive cacti looks like a real beehive. They store water in their stems. The plant's pink flowers grow in the spring.

The saguaro (suh-wear-oh) cactus is very tall. It is the largest cactus in the United States. It can be taller than a two-story house! It has many thick arms. Water is inside the arms. The cactus has spines all over it. It gets white flowers in the spring.



Beehive cactus



Saguaro cacti



Circle what is inside a saguaro cactus's arms.



What do you like to drink when you are thirsty?

I like to drink \_\_\_\_\_.



### **Strange Cacti**

The bearded cactus is a little bit taller than a person. It has long, thin spines. These spines look like hair. They are soft and white. They do not hurt you if you touch them. People say the spines look like an old man's beard!

One cactus is called a rat tail cactus. That is because its stems look like a rat's tail. The sterns are long and thin. Each cactus has many of them. A rat tail cactus often grows in a tall tree or a tall cactus. Its long stems hang down. These cacti have beautiful pink flowers.



Bearded cactus



Rat tail cactus



Underline the sentence that tells where a rat tail cactus grows.



Which cactus do you think is the strangest?

The strangest cactus is \_\_\_\_\_.



#### A Cactus to Eat

The prickly pear cactus has round leaves. The leaves look like rabbit ears. They are very thick. They are filled with water. If you break a leaf open, water will come out. This cactus has sharp spines. But it grows flowers in the spring. The flowers turn into fruit. People eat the fruit. They also use it to make jelly. People eat the cactus, too!



Prickly pear cactus



Fruit from prickly pear cacti



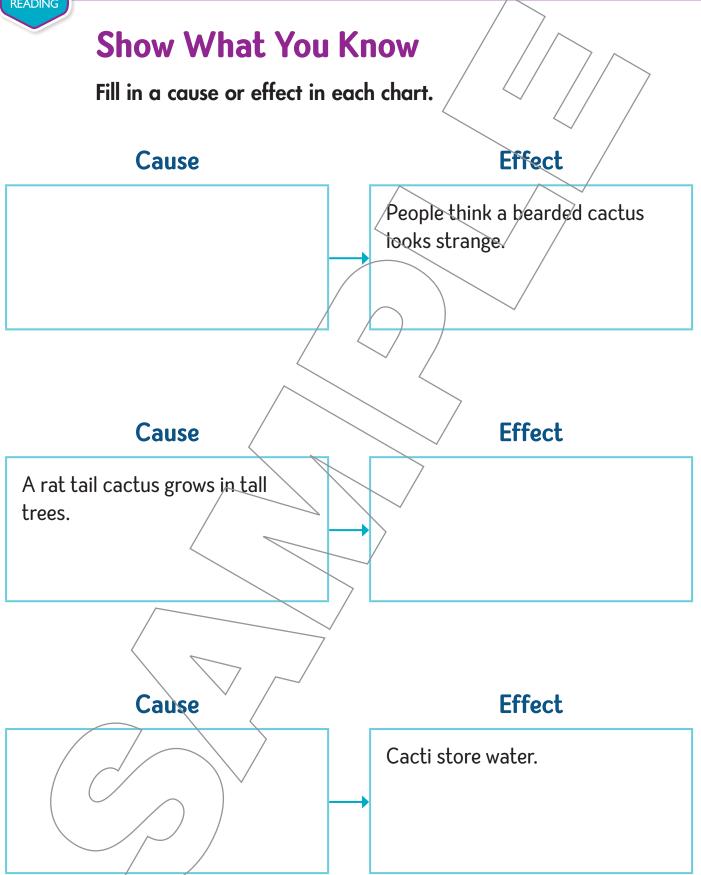
Highlight what people do with the prickly pear cactus's fruit.



What strange food do you like?

I like to eat \_\_\_\_\_.







### What Did You Learn?

Circle the letter of the correct answer.

- 1. Which detail tells what a saguaro cactus looks like?
  - A It is very tall.
  - B It has thick leaves.
  - C It has soft, white hair.
- 2. A rat tail cactus has stems that are
  - A white
  - B long
  - C thick
- 3. Which word in the story means "something that is very sharp"?
  - A spine
  - B leaf
  - C fruit
- 4. What can you tell about cacti from this story?
  - A You can eat all cacti.
  - **B** Cacti have many long roots.
  - C You should not touch most cacti's spines.



### **Listen and Discuss**

#### **MY LEARNING GOALS**

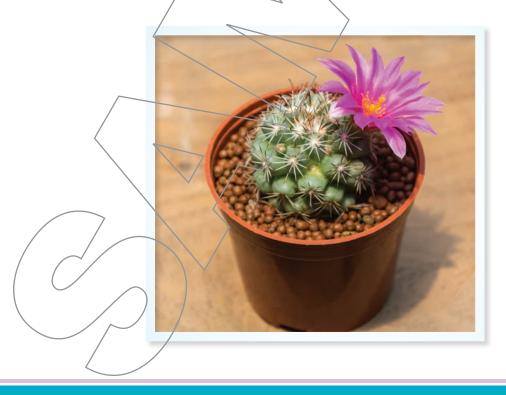
I can/

o lister to and understand two people talking.

 use language to tell how to do something.

Listen to a boy and his mother talking. Take notes on the chart below.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.



## **Listen and Discuss**

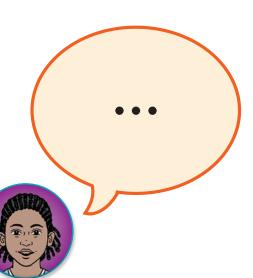




How do you take care of a cactus?







## **Learning About Language**

## **Possessive Nouns**

Nouns are words that name people, places, or things. **Possessive nouns** show who something belongs to. Add 's to the end of most nouns to make them possessive.

Dan has a small cactus.

Dan's cactus has pink flowers.

The underlined noun is possessive. Dan owns the cactus.

Read these sentences from the story.

Then underline the possessive noun in each.

- 1. That is because its stems look like a rat's tail.
- 2. Some cacti's leaves can hold water.
- 3. The plant's pink flowers grow in the spring.
- 4. People say the spines look like an old man's beard!

# MY LEARNING GOALS

can

- ofind possessive nouns.
- use possessive nouns in sentences.



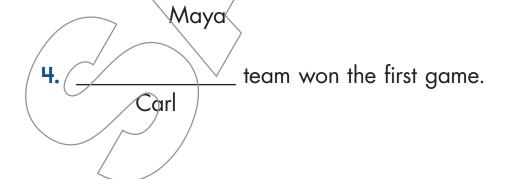
# **Learning About Language**

Rewrite each group of words to use a possessive noun.

- 1. the tire that belongs to the truck \_
- 2. the book that belongs to the library
- 3. the lunch that belongs to Martin
- 4. the barn that belongs to the farmer
- 5. the name that belongs to the street

Complete each sentence. Make the noun under each line possessive.

- door made a loud noise. **1.** The \_ train
- 2. I moved the \_ dish away from the dog rug,
- turn to clean the room. **3.** It is





#### **Write About It**

# MY LEARNING GOALS

- o write about a cactus.
- use language to tell about this cactus and how I would care for it.

Think about what you learned about cacti. Write a paragraph to tell how to plant a cactus. Tell how to take care of it, too.



# Plan My Writing

Answer the questions. Use this information in your writing.

What will you plant?

What do you need?

Where will you put this cactus after you plant it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you take care of this cactus? \_\_\_\_\_

### **Write About It**



Ι	would	like to	grow	а	_
			0		

I need \_\_\_\_\_

First, I will \_\_\_\_\_

Then I will \_\_\_\_\_

After I plant this cactus, I will put it \_\_\_\_\_\_

I do this because \_

I will care for it by