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# **3** Multiplying Fractions

#### NYS NEXT GENERATION MATHEMATICS LEARNING STANDARDS

**5.NF.4** Apply and extend understanding of multiplication to multiply a fraction or whole number by a fraction.

**5.NF.4.a** Interpret the product  $\frac{a}{b} \times q$  as a parts of a partition of q into b equal parts; equivalently, as the result of a sequence of operations  $a \times q \div b$ .

**5.NF.4.b** Find the area of a rectangle with fractional side lengths by tiling it with rectangles of the appropriate unit fraction side lengths, and show that the area is the same as would be found by multiplying the side lengths. Multiply fractional side lengths to find areas of rectangles and represent fraction products as rectangular areas.

### Introduction

The lesson reviews multiplying a fraction by a fraction and using fractional side lengths to find the area of rectangles. Read or have a volunteer read through the lesson and discuss the examples with the class. Guide students in understanding the relationship of fractional side lengths of a rectangle and the area as the product of those lengths. Remind them that area is expressed as square units.

# **Guided Practice**

The guided practice page provides sample multiplechoice and constructed answer problems for the students to complete on their own. Each item is accompanied by a hint or reminder that guides the student's thinking about how to solve the problem. Offer assistance as needed. When students have completed the items, review the answers and solution processes as a class.





#### **Answer Rationales**

- **1.** To multiply fractions, multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators:  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3 \times 2}{5 \times 3} = \frac{6}{15}$ . Reduce the product to lowest terms:  $\frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$ . Choice C is correct. Students may also choose to cancel common factors. (5.NF.4.a)
- 2. Rafael runs  $\frac{2}{5}$  of  $\frac{3}{4}$  mile, so multiply:  $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2 \times 3}{5 \times 4} = \frac{6}{20}$ . Reduce the product to lowest terms:  $\frac{6}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$ . Rafael runs a distance of  $\frac{3}{10}$  mile. Choice D is correct. Students may also choose to cancel common factors. (5.NF.4.a)
- 3. Multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators:  $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{\cancel{4} \times \cancel{1}}{5 \times \cancel{8}_2} = \frac{1}{10}$ . In lowest terms, the product is  $\frac{1}{10}$ ; choice A is correct. (5.NF.4.a)
- 4. To find the area, multiply length and width:  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{8} = \frac{3 \times 7}{4 \times 8} = \frac{21}{32}$ The area of the stamp is  $\frac{21}{32}$  square inch. Choice D is correct. (5.NF.4.a, b)
- 5. Zoe uses  $\frac{7}{12}$  of  $\frac{2}{3}$  yard of fabric. Multiply:  $\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7 \times 2}{6} \frac{7}{18} \times \frac{2}{18} = \frac{7}{18}$ . Zoe uses  $\frac{7}{18}$  yard of fabric. Choice C is correct. (5.NF.4.a, b)
- 6. Sam eats  $\frac{3}{4}$  of  $\frac{1}{3}$ , so multiply:  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{$

7. A rectangular model will show one dimension divided into fourths and three of them shaded and the other dimension divided into thirds and two of them shaded. This represents  $\frac{2}{3}$  of  $\frac{3}{4}$ . The overlapping shaded parts represent the product,  $\frac{1}{2}$  square meter. (5.NF.4.a, b)



# **3** Multiplying Fractions

- 8. Find area by multiplying the dimensions. First, simplify the fractions:  $\frac{8}{12} = \frac{2}{3}$  and  $\frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$ . Multiply:  $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{6} = \frac{12 \times 5}{3 \times \mathscr{B}_3} = \frac{5}{9}$ . The area is  $\frac{5}{9}$  square foot. (5.NF.4.a, b)
- 9. Workers spread  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the total amount of mulch,  $\frac{9}{10}$  ton. Multiply:  $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{9}{10} = \frac{1 \times \mathscr{P}^3}{1 \times 10} = \frac{3}{10}$ . The workers spread  $\frac{3}{10}$  ton of mulch. (5.NF.4.a)
- **10.** Part A A foot is 12 inches, so 9 of 12 inches is  $\frac{9}{12}$  or  $\frac{3}{4}$  foot and 10 of 12 inches is  $\frac{10}{12}$  or  $\frac{5}{6}$  foot. To find the area in square feet, multiply the fractional dimensions:  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{5}{6} = \frac{12 \times 5}{4 \times \mathscr{B}_2} = \frac{5}{8}$  square foot. (5.NF.4.a, b)

**Part B** First find the area that 32 tiles will cover:  $32 \times \frac{5}{8} = \frac{42 \times 5}{18} = 4 \times 5 = 20$  square feet. Then compare this area to the area of the closet floor: 20 > 18, so Saroya will have enough tiles to cover the floor. (5.NF.4.a, b)



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## CONNECTING TO MATHEMATICAL CONTENT

Grade-span connections: 4.NF.4  $\rightarrow$  5.NF.5  $\rightarrow$  6.G.1

Grade-level connections: 5.NBT.5 (multiplying whole numbers) 5.NBT.7 (multiplying decimals)

#### CONNECTING TO MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

- *MP1:* Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- MP2: Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- MP4: Model with mathematics.